offense. Every conviction of unlawful practice subsequent to a first conviction thereof shall be a conviction of a subsequent offense.

An. Code, sec. 11. 1904, sec. 11. 1888, sec. 8. 1896, ch. 378, sec. 12. 1920, ch. 481, sec. 11.

11. Nothing in this Article shall be so construed as to interfere with the rights and privileges of physicians and surgeons duly licensed to practice their profession in this State, nor of persons holding certificates duly issued to them by the State Board of Dental Examiners of Maryland prior to the passage of this Act or of dental students operating under the immediate supervision of their instructors in dental infirmaries or dental schools duly incorporated under the laws of the State of Maryland.

By persons "holding certificates," is meant those holding certificates issued by board of examiners of Maryland. Knowles v. State, 87 Md. 206. (Decided prior to act of 1920, ch. 481.)

This section referred to in construing sec. 4. State v. Knowles, 90 Md. 653. (Decided prior to act of 1920, ch. 481.)

As to physicians and surgeons, see art. 43, sec. 115, et seq.

1920, ch. 481, sec. 12.

12. All persons now authorized to practice dentistry in this State, and those who may be hereafter registered under the provisions of this Article, shall be exempt from service as jurors in any of the Courts of this State.

An. Code, sec. 12. 1920, ch. 481, sec. 2.

13. Nothing contained in this Article, shall prevent, or be construed as in any way to hinder the prosecution, conviction or punishment of any person who may have offended against any of the provisions of Chapter 378 of the Acts of the General Assembly of Maryland passed at its January Session, 1896, or against any of the provisions of Article 32 of the Bagby's Annotated Code of Public General Laws, entitled "Dentistry," or against any of the provisions of any of the Acts of the General Assembly of Maryland of which the same is a codification.